

**A CHECK LIST OF SCORPIONS (ARACHNIDA: SCORPIONES)
IN THE COLLECTIONS OF THE ZOOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT,
NATIONAL MUSEUM IN PRAGUE**

František KOVÁŘÍK

Department of Zoology, National Museum (Natural History), Václavské náměstí 68, CS-115 79 Praha 1,
Czechoslovakia (contact address)

A b s t r a c t . 1360 specimens of scorpions of all families, collected by naturalist and travellers in all continents during the last 150 years, are deposited in the National Museum in Prague. This material, consisting of 94 species, 44 genera and 9 families, is revised and listed.

HISTORY OF THE COLLECTION.

The first reference to scorpions deposited in the National Museum is in a catalogue of the insect collection drawn up by F.K.Prách (1839-1863) at the beginning of 1861. He listed 22 specimens. The collection grew thanks to contributions of various travellers and patrons of the Museum. Dr K.Táborský (1906-1988) intended to revise the collection [he mentioned this in a paper on the geographic distribution of the genus *Buthus* (1934)], but he never carried out the plan. In this paper, Táborský mentioned 17 species of scorpions classified in the genus *Buthus* at that time and in the subfamily Buthinae at present.

The oldest of the scorpion collections in the National Museum is that of L.Salvator who collected the material between 1880s and the first few years after 1900. According to Táborský (1934), all scorpions that he saw in this collection came from Tunisia, and Bizerta had been given with some of them as the locality. This collection also includes material from Greece (*Mesobuthus gibbosus* and *Androctonus crassicauda*).

In 1958, J.Frič donated a commercial museum [established by V.Frič (1839-1916) in 1862] to the National Museum in Prague. Most of the scorpions of the genera *Pandinus* and *Heterometrus* come from this source. However, the localities where the individual specimens were collected are not sufficiently specified.

The Museum collection also includes scorpions collected by Dr E.Holub (1847-1902), E.S.Vráz (1860-1933), J.Kořenský (1847-1938) and B.Machulka (1875-1954). Prof Machulka made several journeys to Africa after 1911.

The largest contribution was made by a Czech physician Dr V.Kálalová - di Lotti (1896-1971) who worked in Baghdad and sent insect material to Prague between 1929 and 1932. Surprising is the number of specimens which she collected - for example, 187 scorpions of the dominant species *Compsobuthus matthiessenii*.

Dr J.Baum (1900-1944), an arachnologist, donated interesting material from Australia, West Africa and Spain.

With a few exceptions, all scorpions acquired after World War II, including material from entomological expeditions to Iran in 1970, 1973 and 1977, were collected by staff members of the Museum (Hoberlandt, 1981 and 1983).

MATERIALS AND METHODS

I revised the collection in the National Museum in 1990-1991, identified the majority of specimens and verified identifications made by Dr Táborský in the 1930s. Most of the specimens are preserved in alcohol; 371 scorpions are preserved dry, but many are damaged.

Explanatory notes

Arabic numeral - the number of specimens

A - specimens preserved in 75 % alcohol

E - mounted dry specimens

b - specimens born and reared in captivity. Locality and date indicate the origins of scorpions which founded the laboratory colony.

RESULTS

Bothriuridae Simon, 1880

Bothriurus bonariensis (C.L.Koch, 1842): Paraguay 1♂E;

Brazil, Ceará 1♂E.

Bothriurus dorbignyi Guérin, 1843: Argentina 1♀E.

Bothriurus sp.: Paraguay 1♂E leg. Šedý.

Cercophonius squama (Gervais, 1844): Tasmania 1♀A det. Simon 1902;

Australia 1♀E leg. Baum.

Phoniocercus pictus Pocock, 1893: Chile 1♀E.

Thestylus glaziovii (Bertkau, 1836): Brazil, São Paulo 4♀2♂2juv. A

1♀1♂1juv. E 1920-1927 leg. Mráz; St. Catharina 1♀2juv. E leg. Mráz.

Buthidae Simon, 1879

Ananteris pydanieli Lourenco, 1982: Surinam 1♂E.

Androctonus amoreuxi (Audouin & Savigny, 1812): Algeria, Colombia, Béchar 1.juv. E leg. Zoufal; 1♀A 1♂E no location.

Androctonus australis (Linné, 1758): Algeria, Ain Zatou, Mts Aurés 1♀1♂A 27.5.1977 leg. Horák, Hammam Salahine near Biskra 1juv. A 28.5.1977 leg. Horák, Ed-dis 2juv. E 1974, 3juv. A b coll. Kovařík 1990; Tunisia, Bizerta 1♀E leg. Salvator, Gafsa 2♀3♂A. 6.7.1964; Libya, Tripoli 1♂E 8.1978 leg. Horká; 1♀E no location.

Androctonus bicolor (Hemprich & Ehrenberg, 1829): Tunisia, 1♀E 8.1978 leg. Horká; 1♀E no location.

Androctonus crassicauda (Olivier, 1807): Iraq, Bagdad 16♀5♂10juv. A 7♀4♂6juv. E 1929 leg. Kálalová; Iran, Kurdistan Shaklava 1♀A leg. Kálalová, 1♂E 1977 Exp. Nat. Mus. Prague; Palestine, Belh Alfa 1♀E leg. Milič; Persia 1♀E leg. Kargl; Greece, 1♀A 1♂E leg. Salvator; 1♀1♂E no location.

Androctonus mauretanicus (Pocock, 1902): Morocco 1♂E.

Babycurus neglectus Kraepelin, 1897: Gabon 1♀E.

Buthotus alticola (Pocock, 1895): China, Kwangsi 1♀E.

- Buthotus franzwerneri gentili* (Pallary,1924): Morocco, 3♀♂5juv.E.
- Buthotus hottentota* (Fabricius,1793): 1♂E no location; 2♀A coll.V.Frič 1900.
- Buthotus minax* (C.L.Koch,1875): Sudan, Wad Medani 2♂♂E 8.8.1982 leg.Kotásek.
- Buthotus pachyurus* (Pocock,1897): India, Sangli 1juv.E.
- Buthotus rugicustis* (Pocock,1897): India, Mysore state Shimoga 1♂E.
- Buthotus saulcyi* (Simon,1880): Iraq,Bagdad 1♂E leg.Kálalová; Iran, 1♂E exp.Nat.Mus.Prague 1977.
- Buthotus tamulus* (Fabricius,1798): India, mouth of a river Ganges 3♀♂A 1♂E leg.Šmala.
- Buthus occitanus* (Amoreuxi,1789): Morocco, 1♂♂2juv.E; Algeria, Tebesa 1♂♂A 12.6.1930 leg.Obenberger,Djebel Aures 1♂♂4juv.A leg.Táborský, Rivet near Algiers 1♂♂A 16.5.1971 leg.Horák,Djebel Djedjura 1♂♂juv.A 13.6.1971 leg.Horák,Ed-dis 3♂♂1juv.E 1974, 2♂♂E; Tunisia, 1♂♂E coll.Salvator, Cairo 3♂juv.A 1930 leg.Táborský, El-Kep 1♂♂3juv.A leg. Táborský, Air Draham 1♀4juv.A 6.1937 leg.Mařan; Spain, Murcia 7juv.A leg.Baum,Arenas 3juv.A 1♀♂E leg.Baum, Benidorm 1♂juv. 7.1989 leg.Sova,Iraq, Bagdad 1♂E leg.Kálalová; 1♂♂E no location.
- Centruroides bicolor* (Pocock,1898): Panama, Chiriquí 1♂♂E.
- Centruroides exilicauda* (Wood,1863): Mexico, Quaaymas 1juv.A 1♂E 28.12.1927, Topobobam-po 1♀2juv.A 23.12.1927, Inocentes 2♀A 29.1.1928, La Paz 2♀A 1♀E 30.1.1928.
- Centruroides gracilis* (Latrelle,1804): Cuba, 1♂juv.E leg.Houba, 1juv.E, 1♀A 1988, 1♂♂A 1♂♂E coll. Kovařík 1990; 1♀E no location.
- Centruroides infamatus* (C.L.Koch,1821): Mexico, 1♀E.
- Centruroides subgranosus* (Kraepelin, 1898): 1♀A no location.
- Compsobuthus mathiessenii* (Birula,1905): Iraq,Bagdad 84♀♂34♂6♂3juv.A 3♀♂2♂1juv.E leg.Kálalová.
- Grospus madagascariensis* (Gervais,1844): Madagascar, Antalaha 1♂E, 6♀E 1902.
- Isometrus maculatus* (Geer,1758): Madagascar, 1♀A 1900; Peru, Juanjui 1♂♂E, Callanga 1♀♂E; 1♀A no location.
- Leiurus quinquestriatus* (Hemprich & Ehrenberg,1829): Tunisia, Cairo 7♀♂2♂25juv.E leg.Salvator; Sudan, 1♀E leg.Machulka, Chartum 1♀E 1904, Wad Medani 1♀E 8.8.1982 leg.Kotásek.
- Lychas burdoi* (Simon,1882): Tanzania, 1♂♂E.
- Lychas* sp.: Indonesia, Island Bali 1E.
- Mesobuthus eupeus* (C.L.Koch,1813): Iraq, Bagdad 44♀♂17♂8♂8♂juv.A 7♀♂4♂10juv.E leg.Kálalová; USSR, Caucasus Tiflis 1♂♂E, Armenia Erevan 1♀A 1959 leg.Staněk; Iran, Ab-barum Demavend 2♀4juv.A 23.7.1970, 1juv.A 1970 exp.Nat.Mus.Prague, Isin 1♂E 11.4.1973 exp.Nat.Mus.Prague, Kandavan 1♂A 9.7.1977; Corea, Seoul 1♀E; Persia 1♀A 1♂E; 6♀♂3♂1juv.E no location.
- Mesobuthus gibbosus* (Brullé,1822): Bulgaria, 1♂A; Jugoslavia, Monte Negro 3♂♂7juv.E 6.1965 leg.Voděra; Greece, Parnas Dahvi 2♂1juv.A 31.5.1935, Gaudos 27♀♂4♂3juv.A 7♀♂2♂3juv.E 12.-20.5.1938 leg.Táborský, Hypati 1juv.E 5.1936 leg.Táborský, 1♀♂A 1♂♂E leg.Salvator, Crete Askypho 1♂juv.A 12.5.1938 leg.Táborský, Crete Ida 1♀4juv.A 1938 leg.Táborský; Turkey, Ankara Barai 1juv.A 4.7.1947; Cyprus, 1♀E; Syria, Zagrin near Latakia 1♂juv.A 24.2.1982 leg.Pfleger.
- Mesobuthus martensi* (Karsch,1879): China, Singley 1♂E.

- Odonturus dentatus* Karsch, 1879: Tanzania 1♀1juv.E.
- Olivierus caucasicus* (Nordmann, 1840): USSR, Buchara 1♂E, Margilan 1♂E, Fergana Kokand 1♂E; Afganistan, Kabul 1♂A 9.1963; Persia 2♀1juv.E; 2♂1♂E no location.
- Orthochirus innesi* Simon, 1910: Syria, Palmyra 1♂A 26.4.1982 leg. Pfleger; Iraq, Bagdad 1♂E leg. Kálalová.
- Orthochirus scrobiculosus* (Grube, 1873): USSR, Caucasus Tiflis 1♂E, Krasnovodsk 1♂A leg. V. Frič, Turkmenia Bayran Ali 1♂A leg. Pfleger, Uzbekistan Chrebet Nuratau 1juv.A 5.1989 leg. D. Král; Iran, W. Sabzwaran 1♂E 7.5.1973 exp. Nat. Mus. Prague.
- Parabuthus capensis* (Hemprich & Ehrenberg, 1828): Republic of South Africa, 2♂A leg. Holub.
- Rhopalurus juncus* (Herbst, 1800): Cuba, 1♂2juv.E, 1♂A b coll. Kovářský 1990.
- Tityus androcottoides* (Karsch, 1879): Venezuela, 1♂1♂A 1♂1♂E 1891 leg. Vráz.
- Tityus bahiensis* (Perty, 1830): Cameroon, Douala 1♂E 1929 leg. David; Brazil, Bahia 1♂E, São Paulo 1 juv.A 1♂E 1925 leg. Mráz.
- Tityus dasyurus* Pocock, 1897 : 1♂E no location.
- Tityus forcipula* (Gervais, 1844): Colombia, Tolima 1♂E 1908.
- Tityus kraepelinianus* Mello-Leitao, 1931 : Venezuela, 3♂1♂E.
- Tityus trivittatus* Kraepelin, 1898 : Brazil, Espírito Santo 1♂E; 5♂E no location.
- Uroplectes formosus* Pocock, 1890 : Republic of South Africa, 1♂ E.
- Uroplectes triangulifer* (Thorell, 1877); Republic of South Africa, 1E.
- Chactidae Laurie, 1896
- Chactas amazonicus* Simon, 1880: Peru, Juanjui 1♂E.
- Chactas* sp.: Colombie 1♂ E.
- Chactinae gen.sp.: Mexico, La Paz 1♂1juv.E 1928.
- Euscorpius (Euscorpius) carpathicus* (Linnaeus, 1767):
- Bohemia the mapping square no. 6252, 2♂A 30.8.1959 leg. Gotlieb, 8♂1juv.A 5.6.1960 leg. Táborský, 2♂E 27.4.1960 leg. Voděra, 3♂A 31.3.1961 leg. Táborský, 6♂A 1962 leg. Táborský, 4♂1♂E 16.5.1962 leg. Voděra, 2juv.E 10.5.1963 leg. Voděra, 2♂E 7.6.1964 leg. Voděra, 4♂8juv.A 24.4.1969 leg. Pfleger, 2♂A 6.5.1971 leg. Pfleger; Italy, Lago di Garda 1♂A 6.8.1893 leg. Vávra, Alps 1♂E, Calabria Capo Spulica 5♂1juv.A 18.4.1990 leg. Kürka, Lago Dilesin 1♂1juv.A 15.4.1990 leg. Kürka; Yugoslavia, Zagreb 3juv.A leg. Frič, Hercegovina Nevesinje 2♂A, Plitvice 1♂A, Bosnia 1♂2♂E 1♂3♂1juv.A, Monte Negro 4♂E 1902 leg. Mrázek, Sarajevo 3♂E 1908 leg. Höhm, near lake Ljubolj 1juv.A 28.6.1930 leg. Štokán, Breznica 6♂4♂A, Makarska 1♂E 7.1933, Hvar 2juv.A 21.7.1977 leg. Tauber; Rumania, 130♂23♂3juv.A; Bulgaria, 1♂A leg. Petrič, Sandanski Pirin 1♂A 1970 leg. Horák; Albania, 1♂1♂E 1917; Greece, Crete Ida 5♂1juv.A 1♂E, Parnas 2♂4♂7juv.A 2.6.1935 leg. Táborský, Thessália 1♂E 21.6.1935 leg. Mařan, Olympus 2♂2juv.A leg. Táborský, Taygetos 1juv.A 1♂E 1935 leg. Mařan, Kataphigion 1♂1♂A 20.6.1974 leg. Horák.
- Euscorpius (Euscorpius) germanus* (C.L. Koch, 1836): Yugoslavia, Bosnia 1juv.A 18.9.1929; Austria, Tyrol Ampezzothal 1♂E; 46♂6♂1juv.A 1♂E coll. V. Frič.
- Euscorpius (Euscorpius) mingrelicus* (Kessler, 1876): USSR, Sochi 1♂E 21.6.1990 leg. Kovářský.
- Euscorpius (Polytrichobothrius) italicus* Herbst, 1800: Italy, Lago di Garda 1♂1juv.A 1♂E 1893 leg. Vávra; Yugoslavia, Bled 1juv.A, Bosnia Ragacia 3♂1♂A, Brach 1♂A 10.8.1971 leg. Sulivan;

Albania 2♀E 1917; Turkey 1♂E; USSR,Batum 1♂E 16.6.1957 leg.Mařan; 20♀7♂13juv.A no location; 4♂E are specified in the collection: "New Zealand leg.Erban". Probably the labels of the localities have been changed or the specimens have been brought.

Euscorpius (Tetrarichobothrius) flavicaudis Birula,1917:France,Ville Iqlō3juv.A; Italy,Campagna 2♀4juv.A 1901 leg.Dršvič, Rome 2♀A 1930 leg.Táborský,Nizza 2♀A 1898 leg.Frič,Sardinia 2♀E,Corsica lqE; Algeria lqE; lqlōE no location.

Megacormus gertschi Diaz,1966: Mexico,Hidalgo Zacualtipan lqE 8.7.1992 leg.V.Malý.

Chaeriliidae Kraepelin 1894

Chaerilus variegatus Simon,1877: Java,Mons Gede lqE 8.1892 leg.Fruhstorfer.

Diplocentridae Kraepelin 1905

Bioculus sp.: Mexico,La Paz lqlōljuv.E.1928.

Nebo hierichonticus (Simon,1872): Yemen,3juv.A b 1989 leg.Nečas.

Ischnuridae Simon,1879

Cheloctonus crassimanus Pocock,1896: Republic of South Africa, 1♀1♂E 1938 leg.Baum.

Iomachus politus Pocock,1896: Tanzania,2♀♂E.

Liocheles australasiae (Fabricius,1775): lqE no location.

Liocheles caudicula (C.L.Koch,1844): New Guinea,lqlōE leg.Vráz.

Opisthacanthus elatus (Gervais,1844): lqlōljuv.A coll.Berchthold et.Kraepelin.

Opisthacanthus fischeri Kraepelin,1910: Tanzania,lqE.

Opisthacanthus validus Thorell,1877: Republic of South Africa,1♂E leg.Nonfried.

Opisthacanthus sp.: 2♀2♂E no location.

Iuridae Pocock,1893

Hadrurus hirsutus (Wood,1863): Mexico,La Paz l♂E 1928.

Iurus dufourei (Brullé,1832): Greece,Mistras 1juv.A 7.1990 leg.Šklíba.

Scorpionidae Pocock,1893

Heterometrus (Chersonesometrus) phipsoni (Pocock,1892): lqA no location.

Heterometrus (Gigantometrus) swammerdami Simon,1872: Ceylon (Sri Lanka), 2♀♂ E leg.Nonfried.

Heterometrus (Heterometrus) spinifer (Hemprich and Ehrenberg,1828): Cambodia,Takeo 1♀E 1984 leg.Frühbauer.

Heterometrus (Heterometrus) longimanus (Herbst,1800): Borneo,4♀1♂ljuv.A 2juv.E leg.Vráz; Sumatra,3♂A leg.Hildebrandt.

Heterometrus (Javanimetrus) cyaneus (C.L.Koch,1836): Java,1♀1♂A coll.V.Frič,lqA 1906 leg.Urbánková,Vulcan 2♀E leg.Gürda.

Heterometrus (Srilankometrus) indus (Geer,1778): Ceylon,Peradeniya 2♂E leg.Uzel.

Opistophthalmus capensis (Herbst,1800): Republic of South Africa,Tatelberg 1♂E 1897 leg.Höhm,lqE leg.Holub.

Opistophthalmus glaberrimus Peters,1861: Tanzania,lqE.

Opistophthalmus pallidipes C.L.Koch,1843: lqE no location.

Opistophthalmus pictus Kraepelin,1894: Republic of South Africa,lA leg.Holub.

Opistophthalmus pugnax Thorell,1877: Republic of South Africa,lA leg.Holub.

Opistophthalmus schultzei Kraepelin,1908: Zambia,Zambezi lqE leg.Holub.

Opistophthalmus sp. : Gabon, lqE.

Pandinus (Pandinoides) cavimanus (Pocock, 1888): Kenya, Ugamba 4♂♂♂ juv. A leg. Machulka; Tanzania 1♀♂♂.

Pandinus (Pandinopsis) dictator (Pocock, 1888): Cameroon, Douala 1♂♂♂ A leg. David; 4♀♂♂♂ A 1♂♂♂ no location.

Pandinus (Pandinus) imperator (C.L.Koch, 1842): 3♂♂♂ A coll. V. Frič; lqE no location.

Scorpio maurus Linné, 1758: Morocco, 6♀♂♂ juv. E; Algeria, Akbou lqA 9.5.1971 leg. Haleš, Ghardibaou lqA 5.5.1971 leg. Haleš, Tebessa 1♂♂♂ A 12.6.1930 leg. Obenberger, Ed-dis lqE 1974; Tunisia, El-Kep 2♀♂♂ A leg. Táborský, Ain-Draham 1♂♂♂ A 6.1927 leg. Mařan, Cairo ljuv. A 5.1930; Syria, Palmyra ljuv. A 26.4.1982 leg. Pfleger; Iraq, Bagdad 3♀♂♂ E leg. Kálalová.

Urodacus novaehollandiae Peters, 1861: Australia, Melbourne lqA 1902 Det. Kraepelin.

Vejovidae Thorell, 1876

Paruroctonus sp. : Mexico, La laguna lqA 9.2.1928.

Scorpiops hardwickii (Gervais, 1844): India, Sikkim 1♂♂♂ E, Hindustan lqE leg. Schlaginweix.

Uroctonus sp. : lE no location.

Vejovis mexicanus C.L.Koch, 1836 : Mexico, lE

SUMMARY

The collection of scorpions in the Zoological Department of the National Museum in Prague includes 1360 specimens of 94 species, 44 genera and 9 families. According to Williams (1987), the world fauna of scorpions consists of 1500 species in 112 genera. The collection in the National Museum includes 6.26 % of species, 39.29% of genera, and all families of the Scorpiones (6 species of Bothriuridae, 44 species of Buthidae, 9 species of Chactidae, 1 species of Chaerilidae, 2 species of Diplocentridae, 8 species of Ischnuridae, 2 species of Iuridae, 18 species of Scorpionidae and 4 species of Vejovidae). The most interesting is material of *Euscorpius carpathicus* (Chactidae) from the mapping square No.6252 (Central Bohemia) and the scorpions collected in Iraq (for the details see also Kovářík (1992)).

Acknowledgments

I would like to express my thanks to Dr A. Kůrka (National Museum in Prague) for helping me with the revision.

REFERENCES

- Hoberlandt L. 1981: Results of the Czechoslovak-Iranian entomological expeditions to Iran. Introduction to the second expedition 1973. *Acta Entomol. Mus. Nat. Pragae*, 40: 5-32.
Hoberlandt L. 1983: Results of the Czechoslovak-Iranian entomological expeditions to Iran. Introduction to the third expedition 1977. *Acta Entomol. Mus. Nat. Pragae*, 41: 5-24.
Kovářík F. 1992: *Buthus occitanus* (Amoreuxi, 1789) and *Orthochirus innesi* Simon, 1910 (Scorpionidea, Buthidae) from Iraq. *Čas. Nář. Muzea*, 159 (1990): 90.
Táborský K. 1934: Sur les espèces du genre *Buthus* Leach du Muséum National de Prague (Příspěvek k geografickému rozšíření rodu *Buthus* Leach, Scorpionidea). *Sbor. Zool. Odd. Nář. Musea, Praha*, 1: 39-40.
Williams S.C. 1987: Scorpion bionomics. *Ann. Rev. Entomol.*, 32: 275-295.

Received September 29, 1992; accepted October 27, 1992